

Hypertension and Chronic Kidney Disease

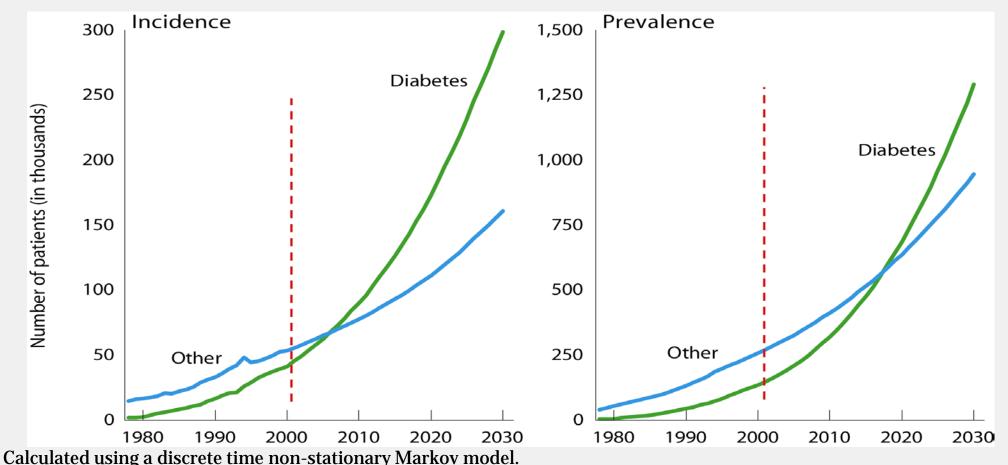
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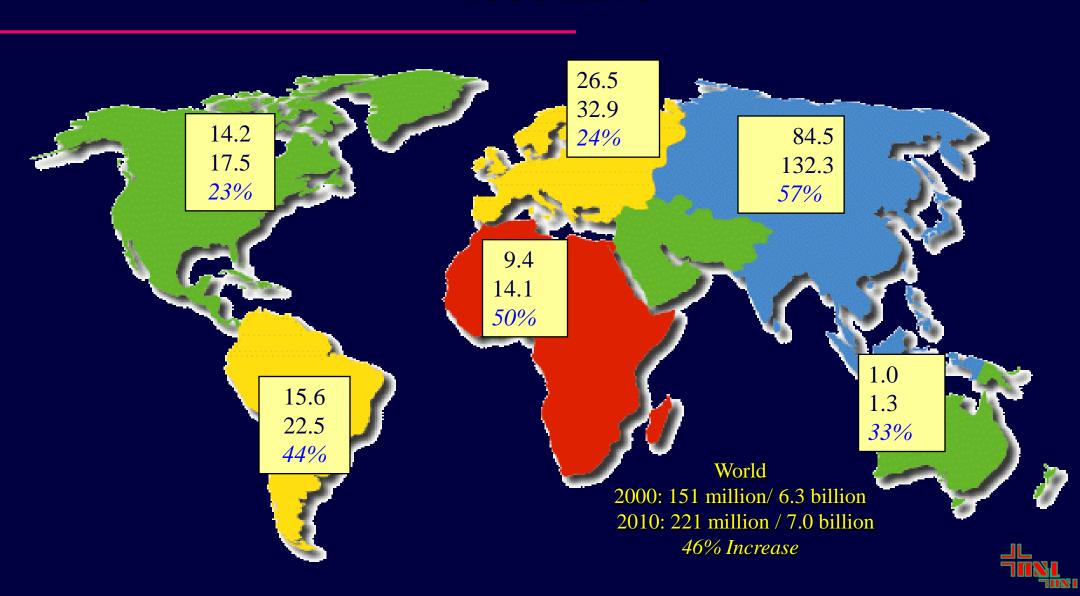


Projected growth of the incident & prevalent ESRD populations, by primary cause of renal failure: 1978-2030-USRDS 2003 Annual Data Report

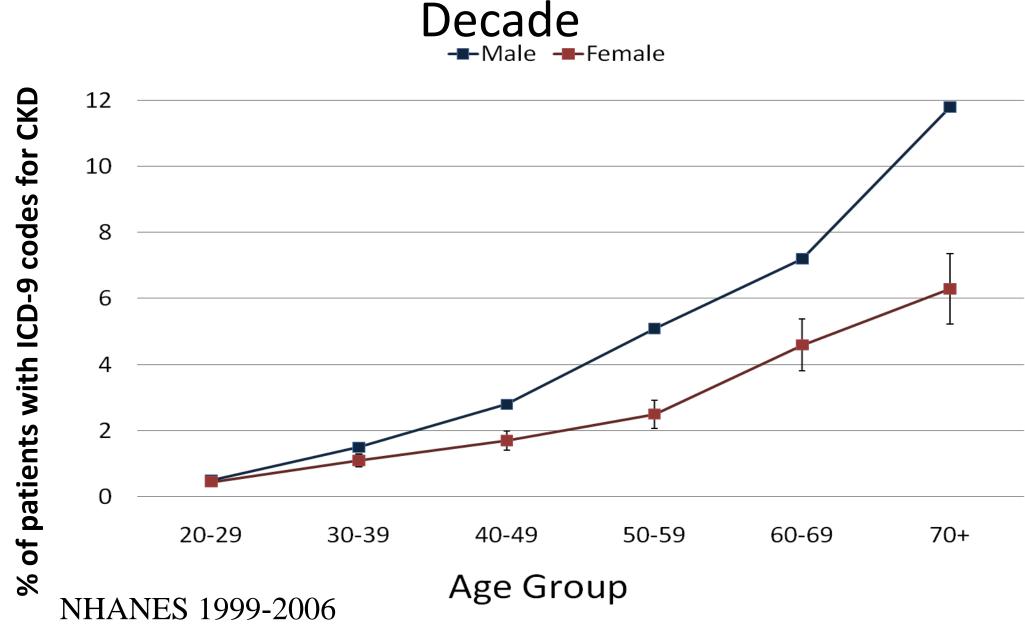
Projections include US Census projection of minority populations and trends in diabetes



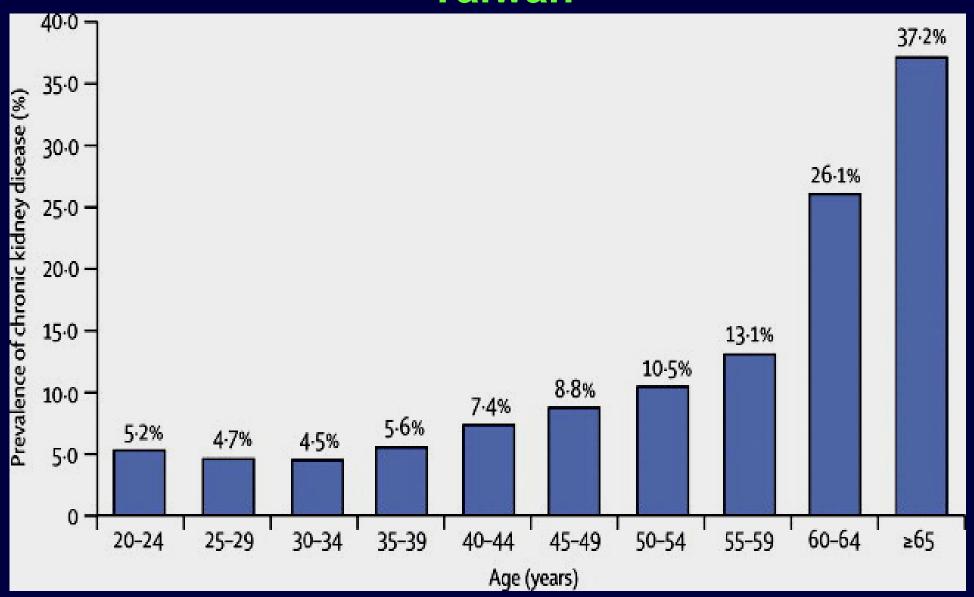
Global Projections for the Diabetes Epidemic: 1995-2010



Percent of Males and Females with CKD by

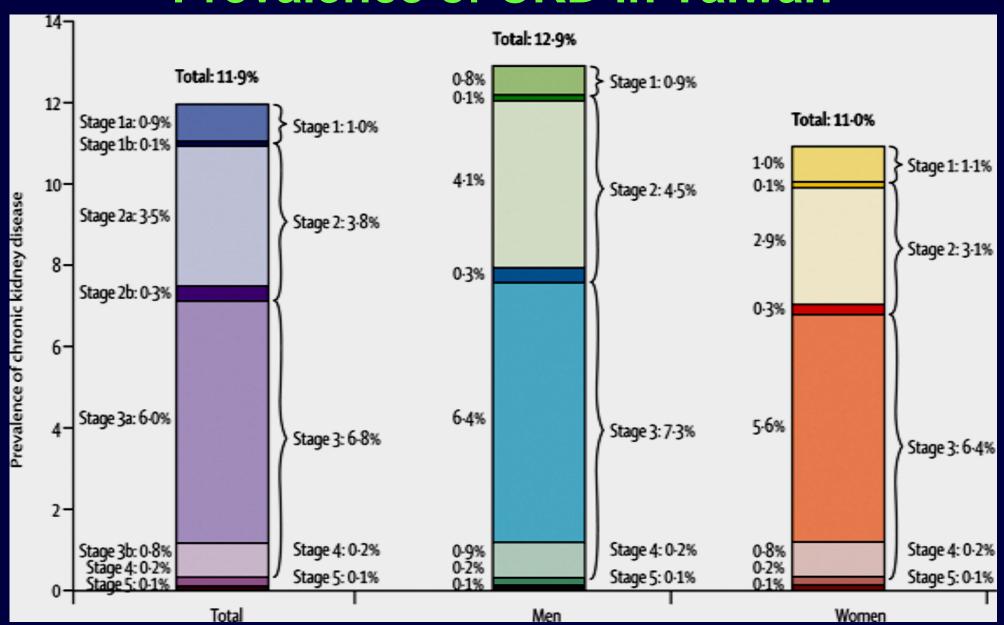


Prevalence of CKD by 5-year age groups in Taiwan





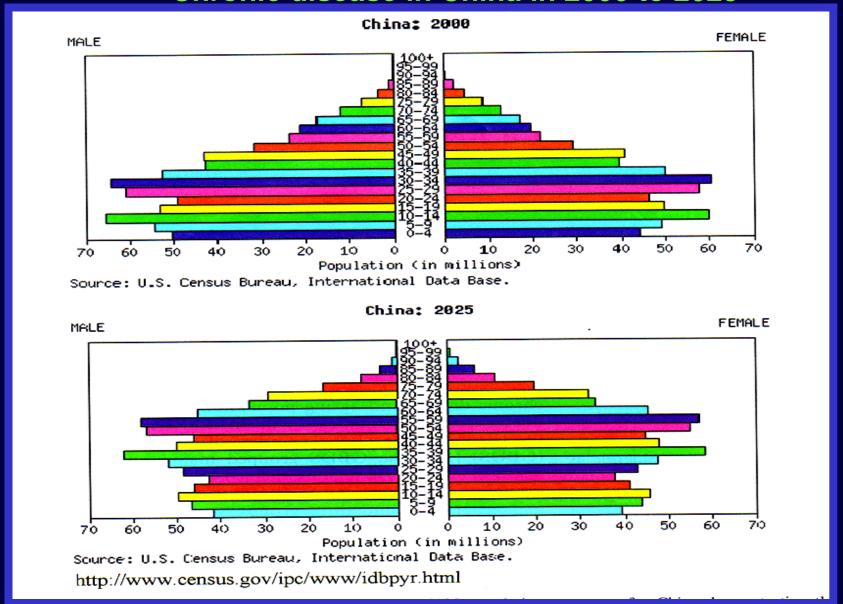
Prevalence of CKD in Taiwan



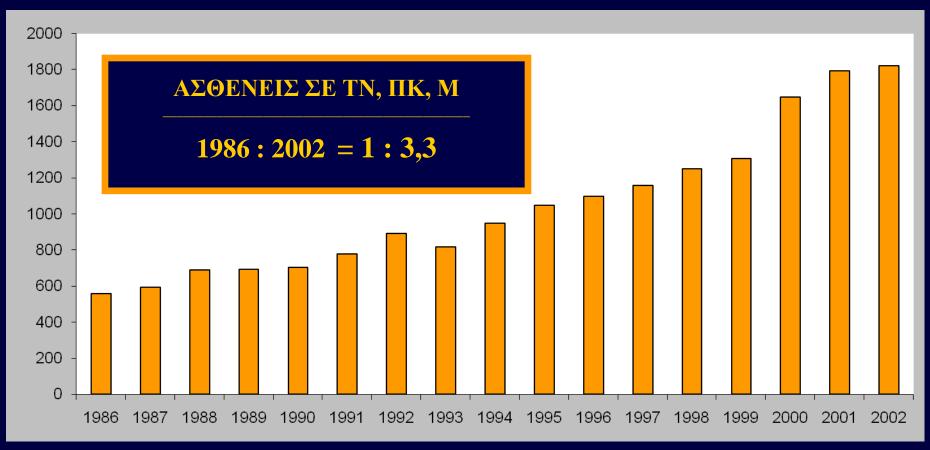
Awareness of CKD 3.54%!

	AllCKD	CKD stages				
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4	Stage 5
Prevalence (95% CI)						
National population*	11- 93% (11-66-12-28)	1-02% (0-98-1-05)	3.79% (3.73-3.85)	6-81% (6-73 - 6-89)	0-22% (0-21-0-23)	0-10% (0-09-0-10)
High SESt	7-38% (7-31-7-35)	107% (106-107)	3-10% (30-9-3-11)	3-06% (3-05 -3 -07)	0-06% (0-06-0-06)	0-04% (0-04-0-04)
Low SES‡	19-87% (19-84-19-91)	0-84% (0-83-0-85)	475% (474-477)	13-59% (13-55-13-61)	050% (050-051)	019% (019-019)
Study cokort	10-10 % (9-83-10-37)5	104% (0.71-1-29)	3.31 % (3.03-3.59)	5.53% (5.26-5-82)	047% (0-0-46)	0.08% (0-0.36)
High SESt	638 % (630-650)	1-01% (0-96-1-04)	3-02% (2-55 -3-4 5)	2:38% (2:34-2:46)	0-05% (0-04-0-06)	0-03% (0-02-0-04)
Low SES‡	17 -89% (17-66-18-14)	036% (084-096)	479 % (3-78-5-82)	12-04% (11-50-12-20)	0-42% (0-37-0-45)	013% (016-022)
Awareness (95% CI)						
Study colvert	3-54% (3-37-3-68)	2-66% (2-29-3-03)	2.68% (2.44-2.92)	410% (3-90-4-30)	23-67% (20-17-27-23)	51:40% (45:52-57:28)
High SES†	3-94% (3-65-4-15)	2 76% (241-3 19)	2.66% (2.36-2.47)	470% (411-5-29)	3459% (2656-4264)	5&89% (4&71-59-09)
Low SES‡	332% (3-05-3-54)	235% (152-308)	271% (231-3-03)	378 % (341- 419)	20-32 % (16-58-24-02)	47-96% (40-94-35-06)

Assessment of the Epidemiologic status in elderly patients with Chronic disease in China in 2000 to 2025



ΕΞΕΛΙΞΗ ΑΡΙΘΜΟΥ ΝΕΩΝ ΑΣΘΕΝΩΝ ΚΑΤ' ΕΤΟΣ (ΕΠΙΠΤΩΣΗ) ΣΤΗΝ ΕΛΛΑΔΑ, 1986-2002

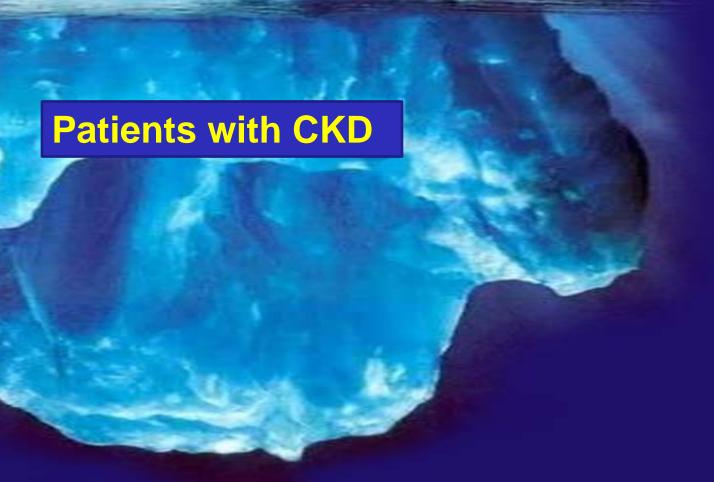


Πηγή: ΕΑΚΝ - ΥΣΕ



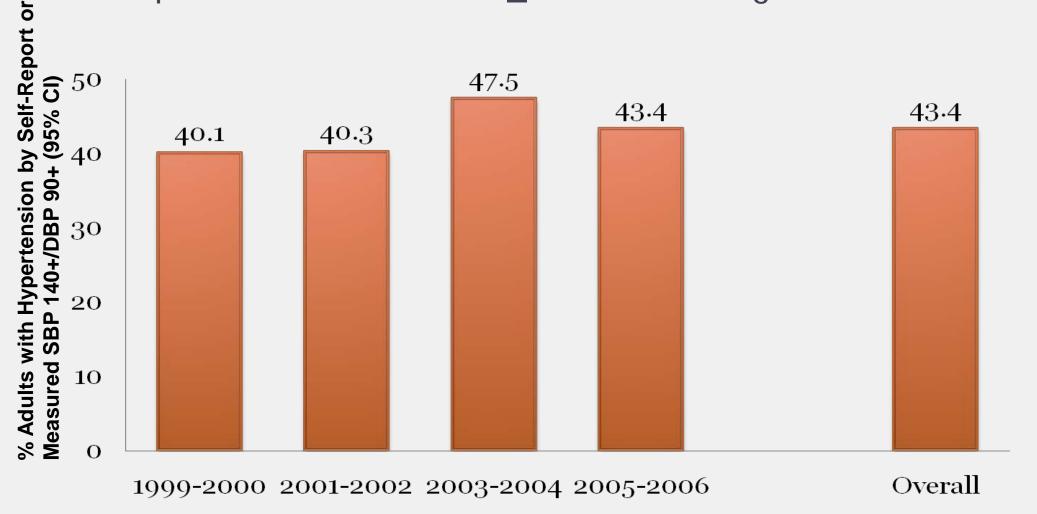
How Big is the Problem

Patients with end stage renal disease



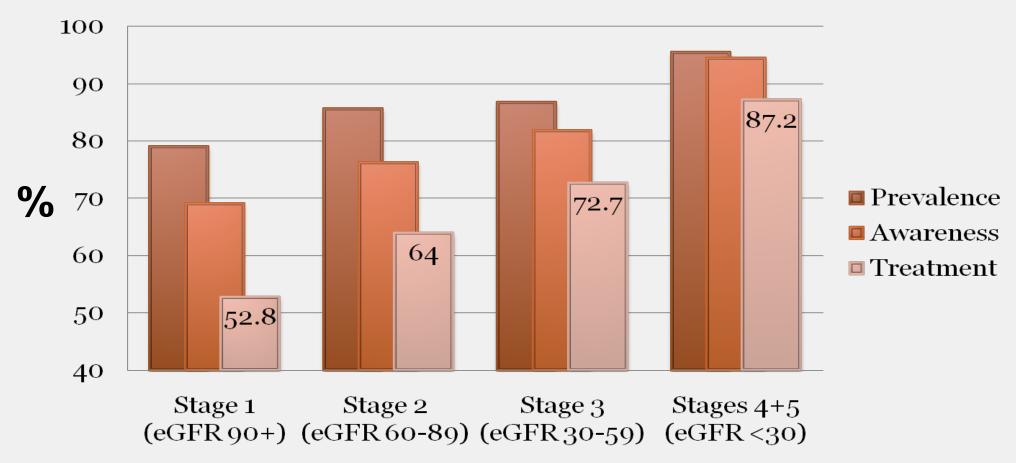


Proportion of NHANES subjects having hypertension by self-report or measured BP \geq 140/90 mmHg



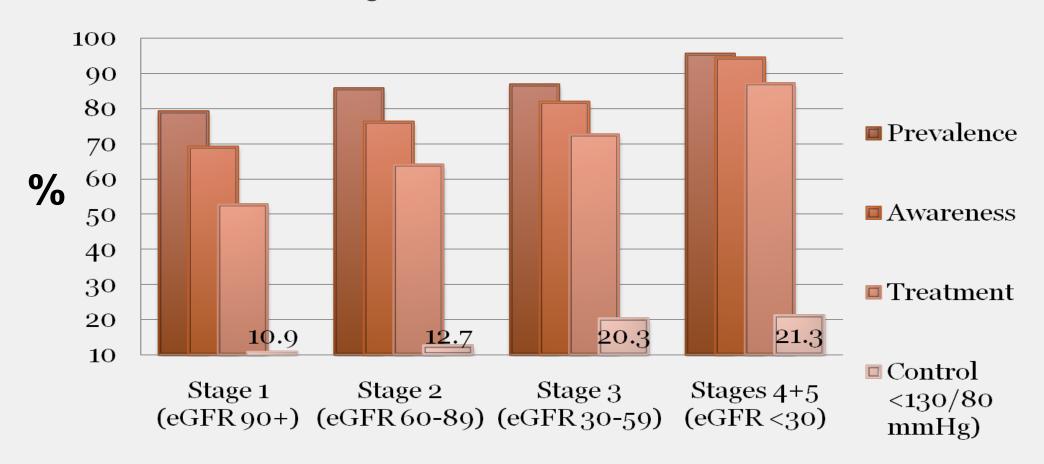
Powe N et.al. CDC-CKD Surveillance Report, 2009

Prevalence, Awareness, Treatment, and Control of Hypertension in Total KEEP Cohort by CKD stage with 140/90 mm Hg as threshold. (N=10,819)



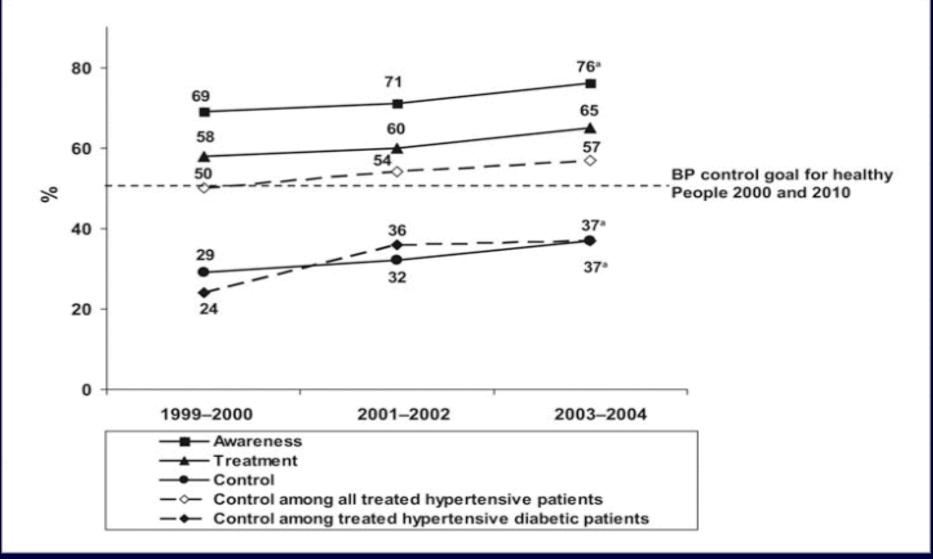
Sarafidis P et.al. Am J Med 2008;121:332-340

Prevalence, Awareness, Treatment, and Control of Hypertension in Total KEEP Cohort by CKD stage with 140/90 mm Hg as threshold. (N=10,819)



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BP Control Rates among those with Diabetes and CKD

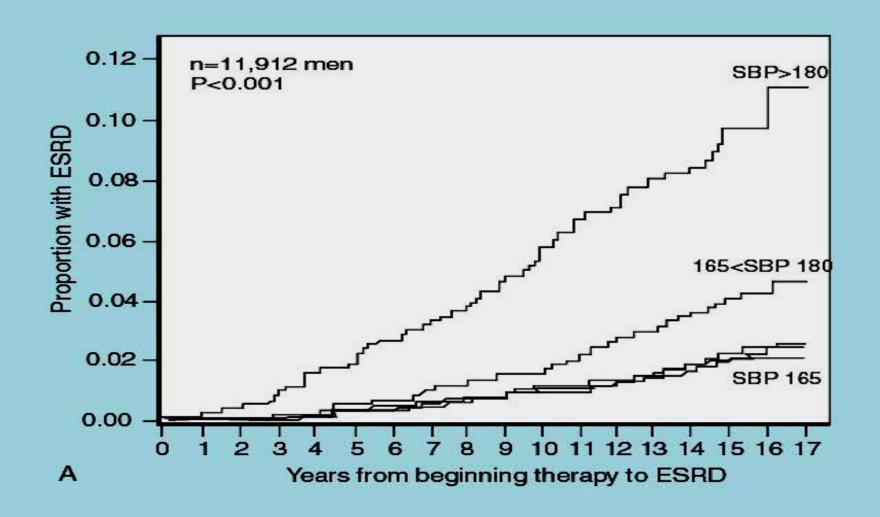




Factors Related to Awareness of CKD and its Progression

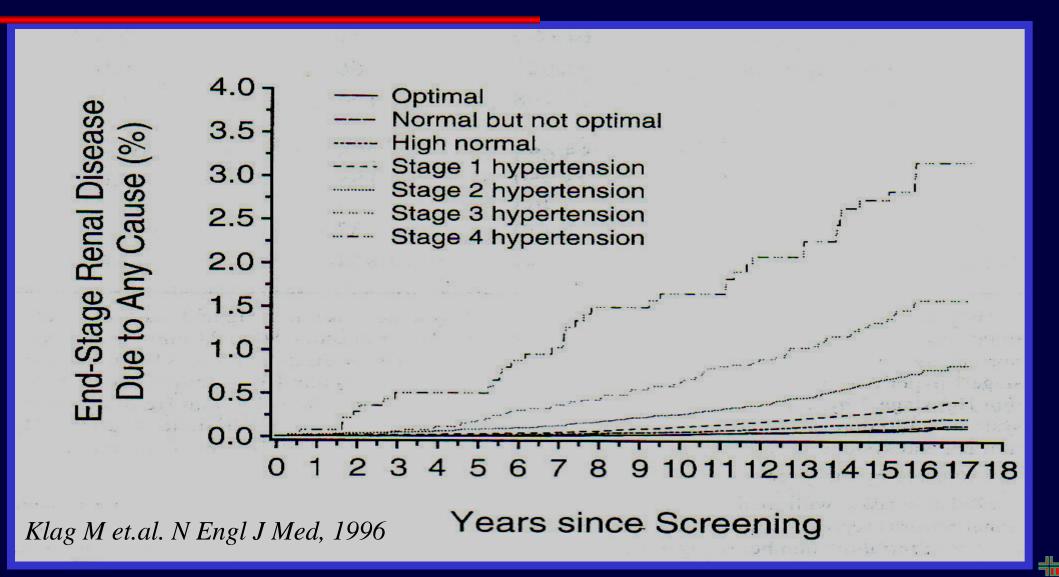
- What is the natural history of poorly treated hypertension on development and progression of kidney disease
- How to properly interpret laboratory values to educate the patient about the presence of kidney disease

Sixteen Year Follow-up of Almost 12,000 Men with Hypertension

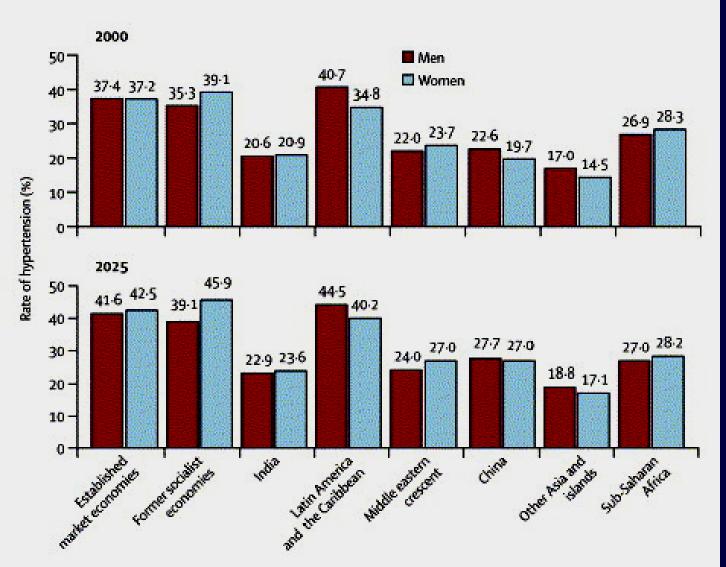




Cumulative incidence of ESRD due to any cause according to BP category in 332.544 men sceened for MRFIT



Rate of Hypertension Growth Internationally



In 2000 26.4% hypertensives

In 2025 29.2% hypertensives

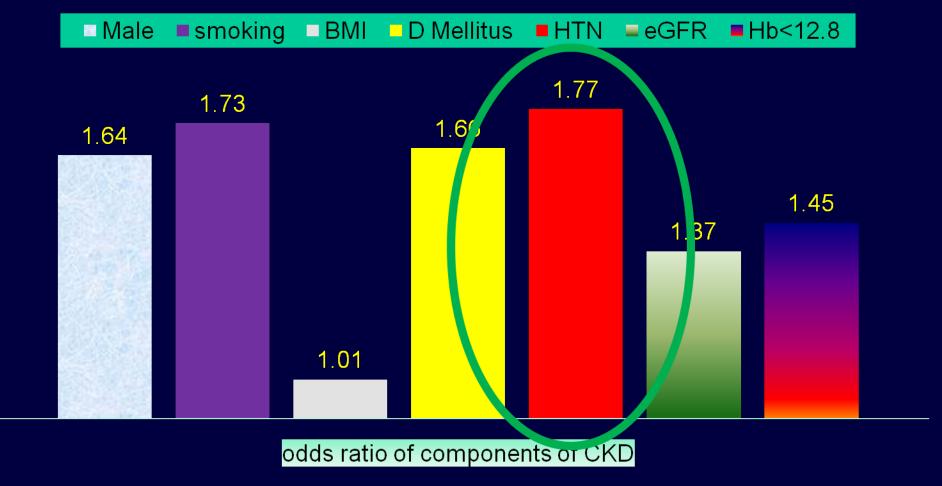
Increased prevalence 60% (80% in developing regions)

(24% in developed countries)

- The prevalence is the same
- between men and women

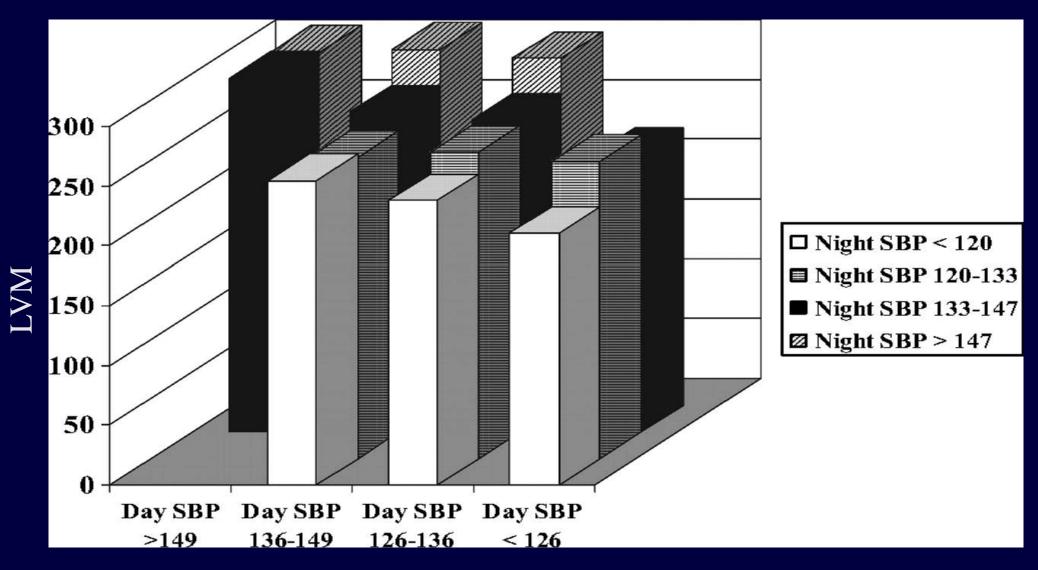


Independent Components of CKD as a Cardiovascular Risk State



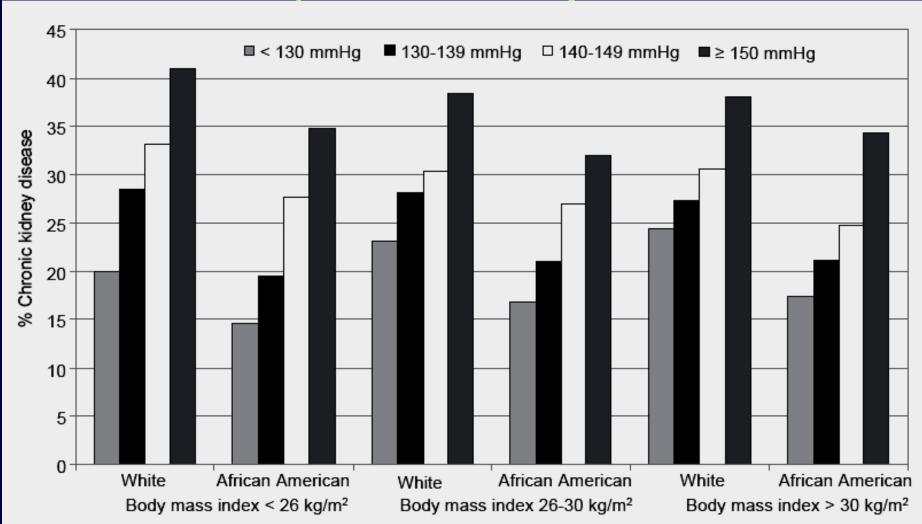


Association of LVM with Day and Night SBP





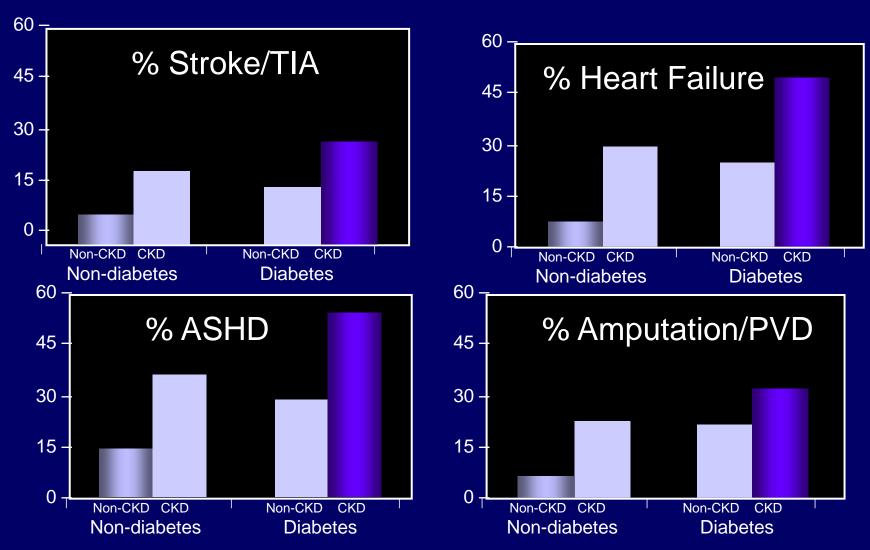
Percentage of CKD in White and African American Participants Stratified by SBP and BMI





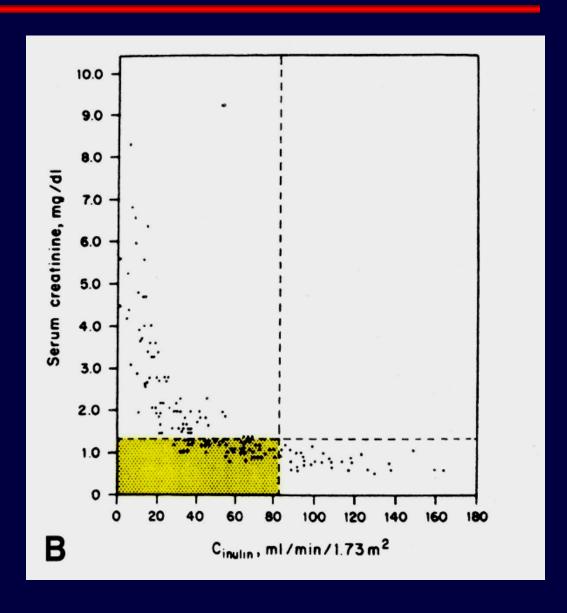
Cardiovascular Comorbidities,

5% Medicare Sample, by Diabetes and CKD Status 1999-2000



USRDS, 2000.

Correlation between Creatinine and GFR



• 40% of the patients with reduced GFR had a serum creatinine into the physiological limits!!!

 Increased serum creatinine is not a sensitive index of reduced GFR

> Shemesh et al Kidney Int 28: 830-838, 1985 LeveyAS, Perone RD και Madias NE Annu Rev Med 39: 465-490, 1988

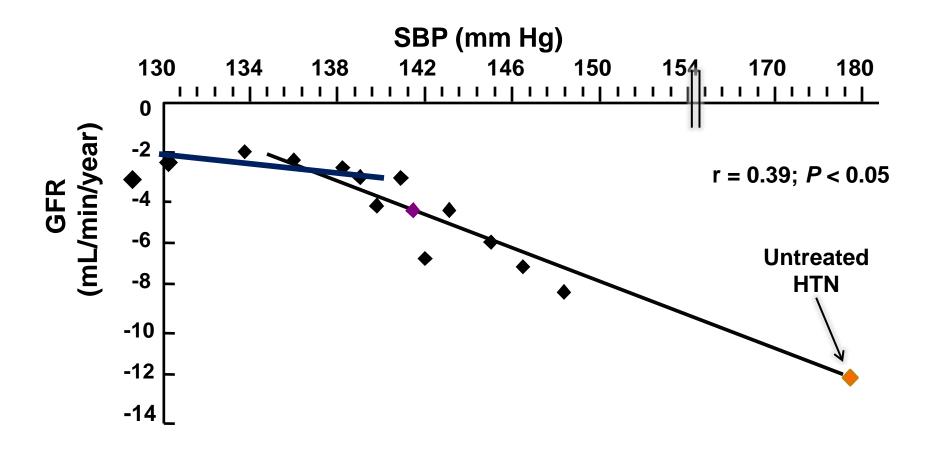


The goal of blood pressure in patients with CKD

proteinuria > 300 mg/24h → SBP < 130 mmHg

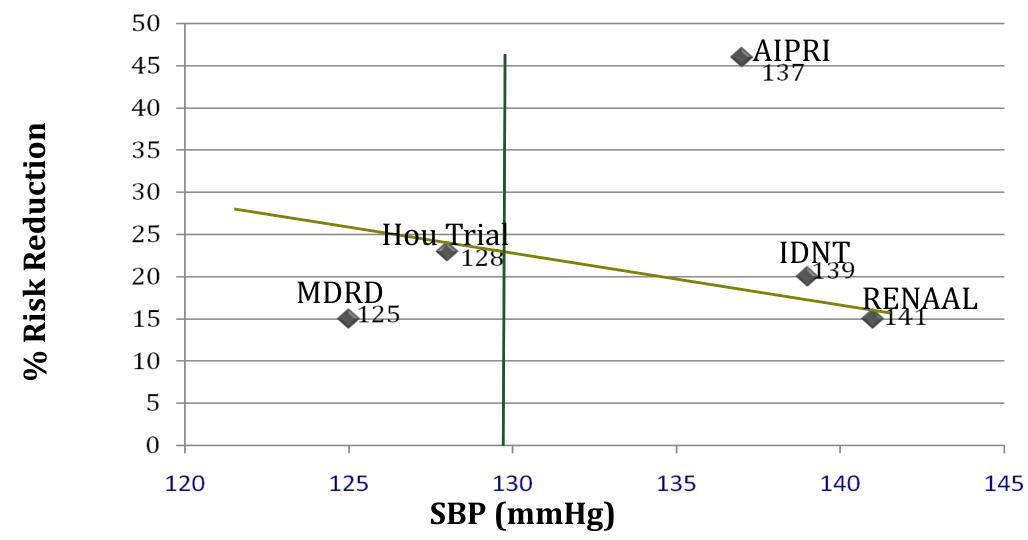
G. BAKRIS.....





Achieved Mean Systolic BP in Renal Endpoint Trials and Risk Reduction for CKD Progression

Kalaitzidis R et.al Med Clinics N Am, In Press



Challenges of World Kidney Day

- > Increase awareness of risk factors for CKD
- Increase Physician awareness to educate patients about the presence of CKD
- Increase both patient and physician awareness that both CKD and hypertension are silent killers and must be assessed frequently and managed



Evidence for Lack of CKD Awareness

- > Between 1999-2006 < 5% of people with GFR < 60ml/min/1.73m² and proteinuria were aware of having CKD
- In a study more than 1/3 of the primary care physicians were not aware that family history was a risk factor for CKD

What can be done about this problem



- The road to improve outcomes is to focus on public awareness
- Screening programs as well as programs to educate, e.g. KEEP screening program
- Public health authorities to support efforts to raise public awareness of CKD

Take the test and see if you are at risk www.worldkidneyday.org

Do you have high blood pressure?

Do you suffer from diabetes?

Are you overweight?

Do you smoke?

Are you over 50 years?

Do you have a family history of kidney disease?

Do you suffer from other kidney diseases?



The economic burden of the problem

- > 2005: \$32 billion in USA estimated to double by 2010
- Governmental public health initiatives
- International Society of Nephrology (ISN)
- International Federation of Kidney Foundation (IFKF)

> Every individual should now his or her BP

World Amazing Kidneys!

Day

Day